



Assessing groundwater contribution to streamflow of a large Alpine river with heat-tracer methods and hydrological modeling

<u>Giovanni Ravazzani</u>^a, Diego Curti^a, Paola Gattinoni^a, Simone Della Valentina^{b,} Adriano Fiorucci^b, Renzo Rosso^a, Marco Mancini^a ^a Politecnico di Milano ^b Politecnico di Torino



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Motivation



An illustration of the hyporheic zone (© Joerg Lewandowski, IGB) The transition zone between surface water in streams and groundwater has a key role for:

- maintaining the ecological functions of running waters
- understanding hydrodynamic processes (exfiltration or gaining condition and infiltration or losing condition)
- Predicting water quality issues caused by polluted water transported between groundwater and surface water

Objectives

- Investigating river-groundwater interaction of a large Alpine river, in Italy, through a field campaign
- Implementing a distributed hydrological model that includes groundwater flow and interaction with river
- Predicting infiltration and exfiltration conditions for different flow regimes



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The Toce Alpine river basin



giovanni.ravazzani@polimi.it www.ravazzani.it

FEST-WB: <u>Flash</u> – flood <u>Event</u> – based <u>Spatially</u> – distributed rainfall – runoff <u>Transformation</u> – including <u>Water Balance</u>



giovanni.ravazzani@polimi.it www.ravazzani.it

Heat-tracer methods Transient heat transport solution

Damping and phase attenuation of temperature with depth



 $\rho_{\rm w}$ density of water [ML⁻³]

 c_w specific heat capacity of the water [ML²T⁻²K⁻¹]

Keery et al. (2007)
$$\left(\frac{H^{3}D}{4z}\right)q_{z}^{3} - \left(\frac{5H^{2}D^{2}}{4z^{2}}\right)q_{z}^{2} + \left(\frac{2HD^{3}}{z^{3}}\right)q_{z} + \left(\frac{\pi c\rho}{\lambda_{e}\tau}\right)^{2} - \frac{D^{4}}{z^{4}} = 0$$
$$D = \ln\left(\frac{A_{z,t+\Delta t}}{A_{0,t}}\right) \qquad H = \frac{c_{w}\rho_{w}}{\lambda_{e}}$$

 $A_{z,t+\Delta t}$ temperature amplitude at depth *z* and time $t + \Delta t$ $A_{0,t}$ temperature amplitude at the river bed surface at time t Δt time lag between temperature amplitudes

giovanni.ravazzani@polimi.it www.ravazzani.it

Heat-tracer methods Steady-state heat transport solutions

Temperature profile along a vertical



giovanni.ravazzani@polimi.it www.ravazzani.it

Field campaign





giovanni.ravazzani@polimi.it www.ravazzani.it

Field campaign







Transient heat transport solution

 $q_z [m/d] = -0.31$ $Q [m^3/s] = 7.17$

Steady-state heat transport solutions $q_z [m/d] = -0.33$ $Q [m^3/s] = 7.64$

giovanni.ravazzani@polimi.it www.ravazzani.it

The flow duration curve with groundwater interaction



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giovanni.ravazzani@polimi.it www.ravazzani.it

Modelled infiltration and exfiltration condition



giovanni.ravazzani@polimi.it www.ravazzani.it

Conclusions

- Through a field campaign we assessed that groundwater contribution to Toce streamflow is significant when river discharge is low
- A groundwater model that interacts with river flow was implemented and, as a result, underestimation of river discharge for low flow regime was eliminated.
- Modelled groundwater contribution to streamflow is in agreement with the field campaign results
- the distributed hydrological model allows to predict infiltration and exfiltration conditions even for high discharge when a field campaign would not be possible

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

This presentation is available on www.ravazzani.it

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giovanni.ravazzani@polimi.it www.ravazzani.it